

Representative David Schweikert, Vice Chairman





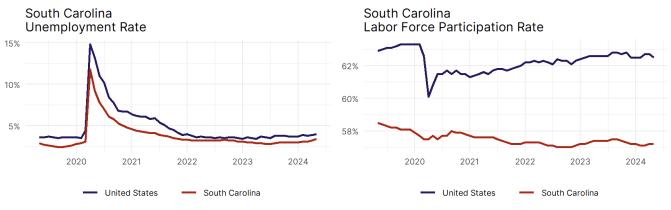
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United States Employment Snapshot

- In May, among the 50 states and the District of Columbia **unemployment fell in 13, rose in 17, and remained unchanged in 21.**
- The highest unemployment rate was 5.3 percent in **District of Columbia**, and the lowest was 2 percent in **North Dakota and South Dakota**. Nationally, the unemployment rate rose by 0.1 percentage point to 4 percent.
- In May, **payroll jobs rose in 42 states and fell in 9.** The largest payroll job percent increase was 0.9 percent in **Idaho**. The largest payroll job percent decline was 0.3 percent in **Minnesota**.

South Carolina Employment Snapshot

- In May, South Carolina added 3,300 net payroll jobs and the unemployment rate rose by 0.2 percentage point to 3.4 percent. In the prior month, South Carolina added 10,200 net payroll jobs.
- Over the past 12 months, South Carolina added 80,400 net payroll jobs and the unemployment rate rose by 0.5 percentage points from 2.9 percent.
- Nationally, nonfarm payrolls rose by 272,000 in May, or 0.2 percent. South Carolina is tied for 1st in the nation for percentage gain in nonfarm payroll employment over the past 12 months.
- In May, **South Carolina's private sector added 2,400 net private payroll jobs**, and over the past 12 months it added 70,700 private payroll jobs. In the prior month, South Carolina added 9,400 net private payroll jobs.
- In May, employment in South Carolina **rose by 1,985**, and over the past 12 months it rose by 28,382.
- South Carolina's labor force participation rate remained steady at 57.2 percent in May and is tied for 47th in the nation. In the past 12 months, the labor force participation rate has fallen by 0.2 percentage points.



Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, data is seasonally adjusted

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Read the full release (https://www.jec.senate.gov/public/index.cfm/republicans/sc/)