

Representative David Schweikert, Vice Chairman





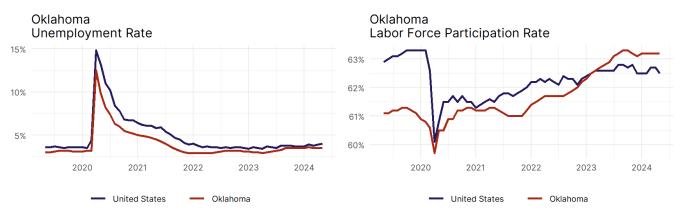
May 2024 | Released June 25, 2024

United States Employment Snapshot

- In May, among the 50 states and the District of Columbia unemployment fell in 13, rose in 17, and remained unchanged in 21.
- The highest unemployment rate was 5.3 percent in **District of Columbia**, and the lowest was 2 percent in **North Dakota and South Dakota**. Nationally, the unemployment rate rose by 0.1 percentage point to 4 percent.
- In May, payroll jobs rose in 42 states and fell in 9. The largest payroll job percent increase was 0.9 percent in Idaho. The largest payroll job percent decline was 0.3 percent in Minnesota.

Oklahoma Employment Snapshot

- In May, **Oklahoma lost 400 net payroll jobs** and the **unemployment rate remained unchanged at 3.5 percent**. In the prior month, Oklahoma added 3,100 net payroll jobs.
- Over the past 12 months, Oklahoma added 28,800 net payroll jobs and the unemployment rate rose by 0.5
 percentage points from 3 percent.
- Nationally, nonfarm payrolls **rose by 272,000 in May, or 0.2 percent.** Oklahoma **is tied for 22nd** in the nation for percentage gain in nonfarm payroll employment over the past 12 months.
- In May, **Oklahoma's private sector lost 1,000 net private payroll jobs**, and over the past 12 months it added 18,600 private payroll jobs. In the prior month, Oklahoma added 3,000 net private payroll jobs.
- In May, employment in Oklahoma **remained unchanged at 1922694**, and over the past 12 months it rose by 24,322.
- Oklahoma's labor force participation rate remained steady at 63.2 percent in May and ranks 24th in the nation. In the past 12 months, the labor force participation rate has risen by 0.4 percentage points.



Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, data is seasonally adjusted

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Read the full release (https://www.jec.senate.gov/public/index.cfm/republicans/ok/)