



Economic Overview And Outlook: Wyoming

JOBS

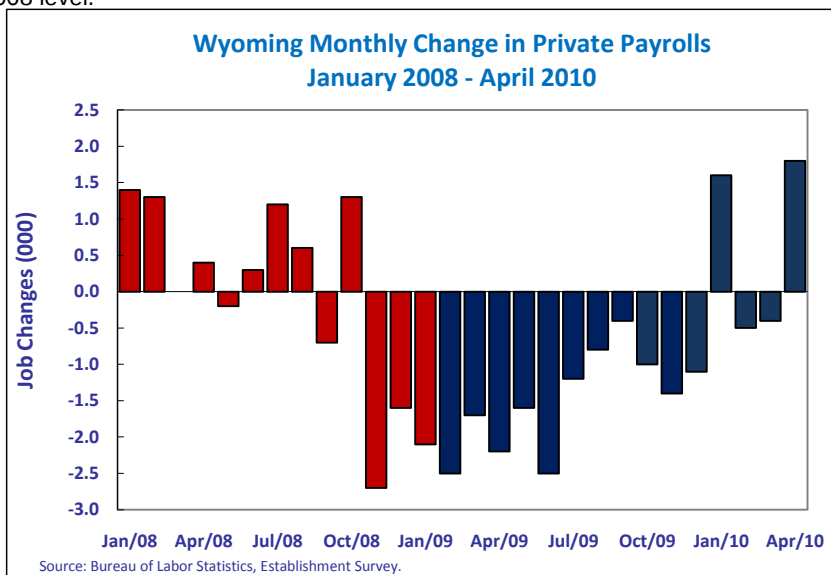
- Across the country, job losses have slowed dramatically since President Obama took office, nearly coming to a halt. Congress and the Administration worked swiftly to pass the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act, which has boosted employment by an estimated 2.8 million jobs since it was enacted.
- The President's Council of Economic Advisers estimates that investments made through the Recovery Act have boosted employment in Wyoming by 5,000 jobs through the 1st quarter of 2010.
- In Wyoming, employees in the construction, other services, and leisure and hospitality sectors faced the largest job losses (as a percent of employment within an industry) over the recession. The sectors in Wyoming that experienced employment increases since December 2009 include manufacturing, construction, and trade, transportation and utilities.
- While job losses nationwide have dissipated, the weakness in the labor market has been compounded by lackluster job creation in the private sector during the previous administration's eight-year tenure.
- As the economy recovers from the Great Recession, service-providing industries are projected to add the most jobs between 2008 and 2018, with the largest gains in professional and business services, education, health care and social assistance, and State and local government. Within the goods-producing sector of the economy, only the construction industry is projected to add jobs above its 2008 level.

EMPLOYMENT

- The unemployment rate in Wyoming was 7.1 percent in April 2010, up 4.3 percentage points from December 2007, but down from its most recent peak of 7.6 percent reached in January 2010.
- 21,000 Wyoming residents were counted among the unemployed in Wyoming during April 2010.

EARNINGS

- Between the start of the recession in the 4th quarter of 2007 and the 1st quarter of 2009, inflation-adjusted total personal income in the United States declined 2.5 percent. Most recently, in the 4th quarter of 2009, total personal income remained 2.8 percent below the 4th quarter 2007 peak.
- Real per capita personal income (in 2005 \$) in Wyoming was \$41,011.20 in the 4th quarter of 2009, down from \$44,555.40 in the 4th quarter of 2007.



HOUSING

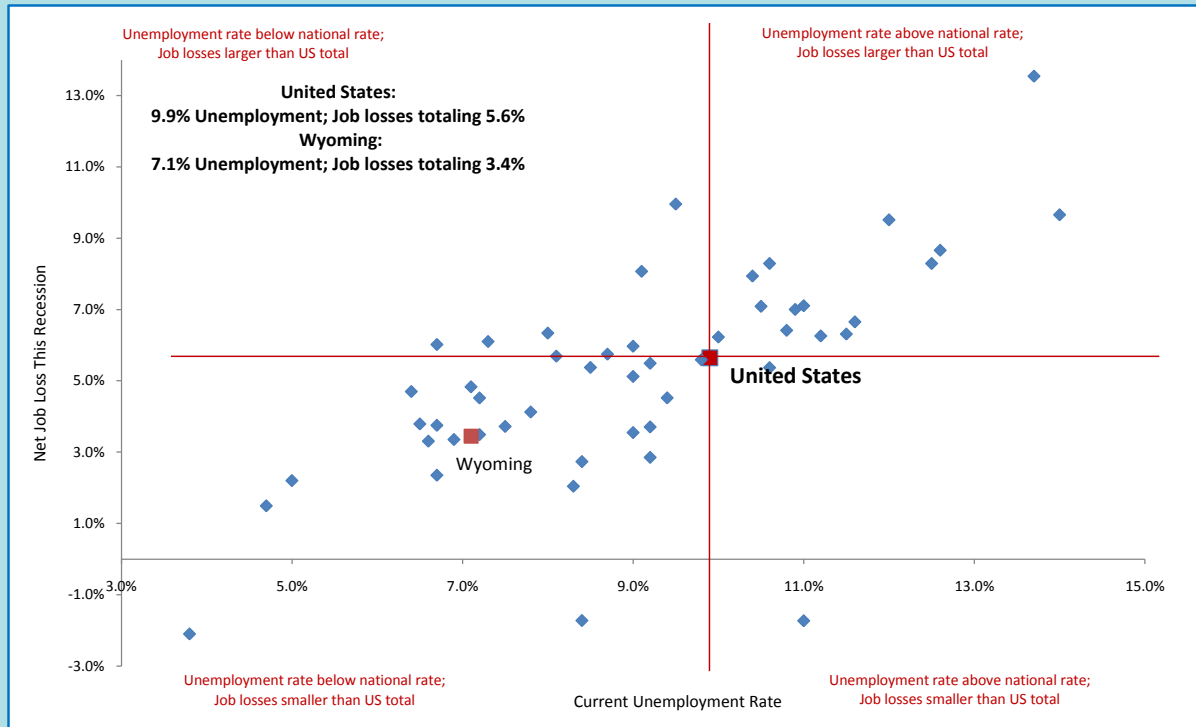
- Actions taken by Congress and the Administration have stabilized plummeting home prices, which fell 30.8 percent nationwide from the peak in March 2006 to the trough in April 2009. In Wyoming, home prices fell 18.9 percent between September 2007 and October 2009, peak to trough. Most recently, home prices increased 1.89 percent in the state between November and December 2009.
- The median price of single-family homes in Wyoming was \$223,000 in 2008, compared to \$250,000 nationwide.
- As of the 1st quarter of 2010, 1.7 percent of all mortgages, including 8.7 percent of subprime mortgages, were in foreclosure in Wyoming.
- Housing starts in Wyoming totaled 1,880 units (seasonally adjusted annual rate) in March 2010, a decrease of 63.0 percent from February.
- Within the West census region, which includes Wyoming, sales of new single-family homes totaled 93,000 units in March 2010, an increase of 5.7 percent from February. Sales of existing single-family homes increased 7.3 percent to 1,180,000 units (at seasonally adjusted annual rates) from February to March 2010.

How Does Wyoming Compare To Other States?

Workers across the country have been hard hit by the Great Recession. This chart allows you to compare Wyoming to other states using two metrics.

The current unemployment rate (measured along the horizontal axis) serves as a gauge of current labor market conditions faced by residents, while the proportion of jobs lost within Wyoming over the course of the recession (shown along the vertical axis) measures the toll the recession has taken on the job supply in Wyoming.

States falling in the upper right quadrant have lost a disproportionate share of jobs, relative to the total United States, and have unemployment rates higher than the national unemployment rate. States falling in the lower left quadrant have unemployment rates lower than the national average and smaller job losses over the recession.



STATE QUICK FACTS

		Wyoming	United States
Unemployment Rates	April 2008	2.8%	5.0%
	April 2009	5.6%	8.9%
	April 2010	7.1%	9.9%
Percent of Population Who Are Veterans	2008	12.6%	9.8%
Veterans' Unemployment Rate	2009	5.9%	8.1%
Median Household Income	2000	\$ 48,829	\$ 52,532
	(2008 \$) 2008	\$ 51,977	\$ 51,233
Poverty Rate	2000	11.2%	11.6%
	2008	10.5%	12.9%
No Health Insurance	2000	14.8%	13.9%
	2008	13.6%	15.3%

For more Wyoming specific labor statistics or additional information, please refer to the Wyoming office:
<http://wydoe.state.wy.us/lmi/bls.htm>