



## Economic Overview And Outlook: New Mexico

### JOBS

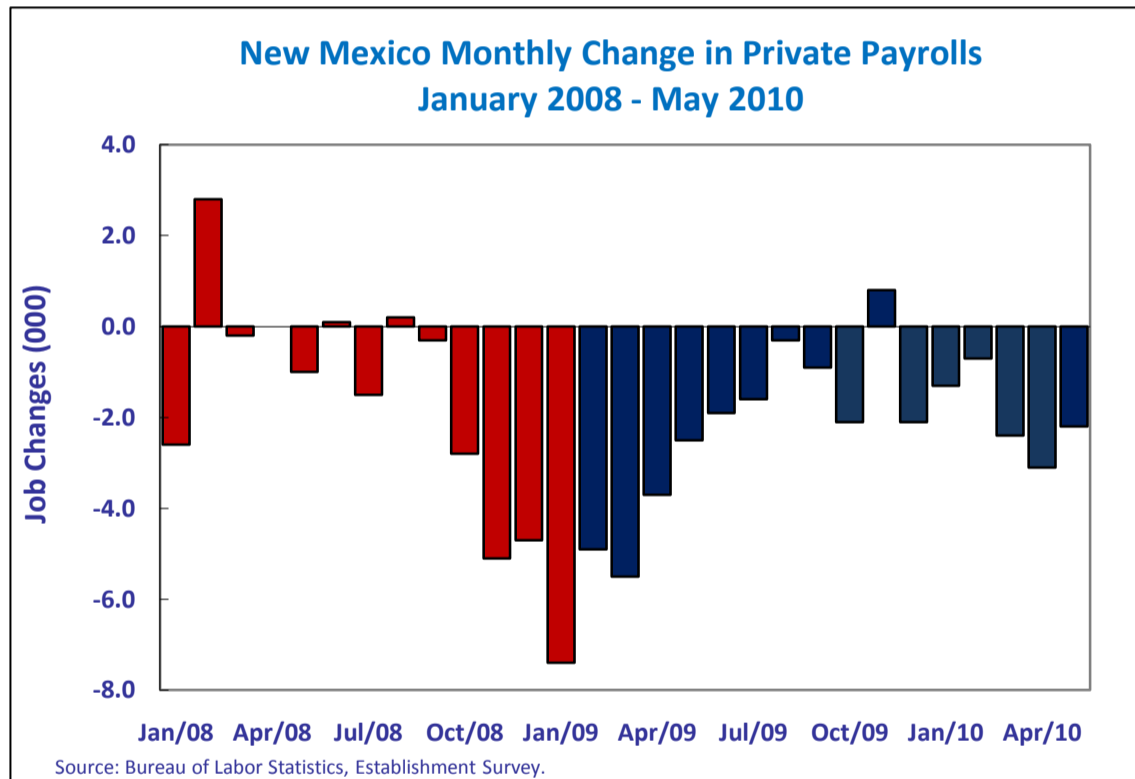
- Across the country, job losses have slowed dramatically since President Obama took office, nearly coming to a halt. Congress and the Administration worked swiftly to pass the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act, which has boosted employment by an estimated 2.8 million jobs since it was enacted.
- The President's Council of Economic Advisers estimates that investments made through the Recovery Act have boosted employment in New Mexico by 16,000 jobs through the 1st quarter of 2010.
- In New Mexico, employees in the construction, mining, and manufacturing sectors faced the largest job losses (as a percent of employment within an industry) over the recession. In 2010, the following sectors in New Mexico experienced the greatest employment increases: manufacturing; government; and mining.
- While job losses nationwide have dissipated, the weakness in the labor market has been compounded by lackluster job creation in the private sector during the previous administration's eight-year tenure.
- As the economy recovers from the Great Recession, service-providing industries are projected to add the most jobs between 2008 and 2018, with the largest gains in professional and business services, education, health care and social assistance, and State and local government. Within the goods-producing sector of the economy, only the construction industry is projected to add jobs above its 2008 level.

### EMPLOYMENT

- The unemployment rate in New Mexico was 8.4 percent in May 2010, up 4.8 percentage points from December 2007, but down from its most recent peak of 8.8 percent reached in March 2010.
- 81,000 New Mexico residents were counted among the unemployed in New Mexico during May 2010.

### EARNINGS

- Between the start of the recession in the 4th quarter of 2007 and the 1st quarter of 2009, inflation-adjusted total personal income in the United States declined 2.5 percent. Most recently, in the 1st quarter of 2010, total personal income remained 2.6 percent below the 4th quarter 2007 peak.



- Real per capita personal income (in 2005 \$) in New Mexico was \$30,297.80 in the 1st quarter of 2010, down from \$30,630.80 in the 1st quarter of 2008.

### HOUSING

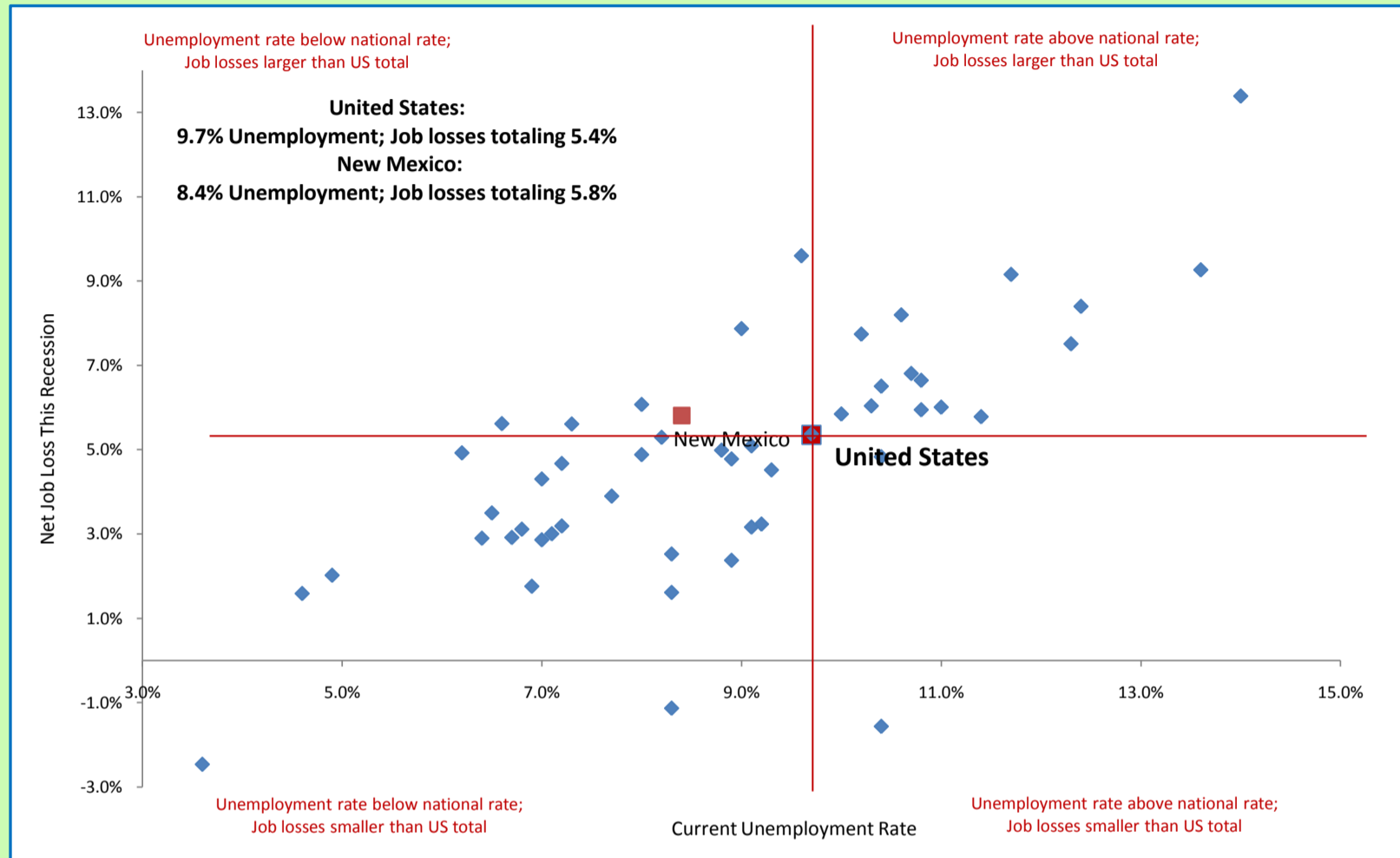
- National home prices, including distressed sales, increased 2.6 percent in April 2010 from April 2009 compared to 2.3 in March. In New Mexico, home prices experienced a decrease of 2.2 percent in April 2010 from April 2009 compared with March's year over year remained unchanged.
- The median price of single-family homes in New Mexico was \$183,000 in 2008, compared to \$250,000 nationwide.
- As of the 1st quarter of 2010, 3.1 percent of all mortgages, including 12.4 percent of subprime mortgages, were in foreclosure in New Mexico.
- Housing starts in New Mexico totaled 4,710 units (seasonally adjusted annual rate) in April 2010, a decrease of 11.6 percent from March.
- Within the West census region, which includes New Mexico, sales of new single-family homes totaled 112,000 units in April 2010, an increase of 21.7 percent from March. Sales of existing single-family homes decreased 6.0 percent to 1,100,000 units (at seasonally adjusted annual rates) from March to April 2010.

## How Does New Mexico Compare To Other States?

Workers across the country have been hard hit by the Great Recession. This chart allows you to compare New Mexico to other states using two metrics.

The current unemployment rate (measured along the horizontal axis) serves as a gauge of current labor market conditions faced by residents, while the proportion of jobs lost within New Mexico over the course of the recession (shown along the vertical axis) measures the toll the recession has taken on the job supply in New Mexico.

States falling in the upper right quadrant have lost a disproportionate share of jobs, relative to the total United States, and have unemployment rates higher than the national unemployment rate. States falling in the lower left quadrant have unemployment rates lower than the national average and smaller job losses over the recession.



### STATE QUICK FACTS

		New Mexico	United States
<b>Unemployment Rates</b> .....	May 2008	4.1%	5.4%
	May 2009	6.8%	9.4%
	May 2010	8.4%	9.7%
<b>Percent of Population Who Are Veterans</b> .....	2008	11.7%	9.8%
<b>Veterans' Unemployment Rate</b> .....	2009	5.9%	8.1%
<b>Median Household Income</b> .....	2000	\$ 42,975	\$ 52,532
	(2008 \$) 2008	\$ 44,081	\$ 51,233
<b>Poverty Rate</b> .....	2000	19.2%	11.6%
	2008	16.6%	12.9%
<b>No Health Insurance</b> .....	2000	23.9%	13.9%
	2008	23.1%	15.3%

For more New Mexico specific labor statistics or additional information, please refer to the New Mexico office:  
<http://www.dws.state.nm.us/dws-lmi.html>