



Economic Overview And Outlook: Iowa

JOBS

- Across the country, job losses have slowed dramatically since President Obama took office, nearly coming to a halt. Congress and the Administration worked swiftly to pass the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act, which has boosted employment by an estimated 2.8 million jobs since it was enacted.
- The President's Council of Economic Advisers estimates that investments made through the Recovery Act have boosted employment in Iowa by 31,000 jobs through the 1st quarter of 2010.
- In Iowa, employees in the construction, manufacturing, and information services sectors faced the largest job losses (as a percent of employment within an industry) over the recession. The sectors in Iowa that experienced employment increases since December 2009 include construction, other services, and professional and business.
- While job losses nationwide have dissipated, the weakness in the labor market has been compounded by lackluster job creation in the private sector during the previous administration's eight-year tenure.
- As the economy recovers from the Great Recession, service-providing industries are projected to add the most jobs between 2008 and 2018, with the largest gains in professional and business services, education, health care and social assistance, and State and local government. Within the goods-producing sector of the economy, only the construction industry is projected to add jobs above its 2008 level.

EMPLOYMENT

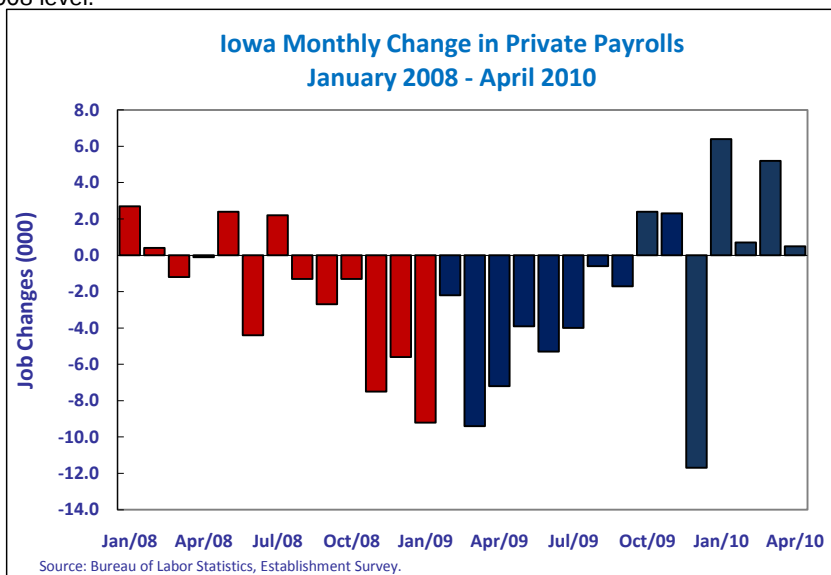
- The unemployment rate in Iowa was 6.9 percent in April 2010, up 3.0 percentage points from December 2007, surpassing its most recent peak of 6.8 percent reached in March 2010.
- 117,000 Iowa residents were counted among the unemployed in Iowa during April 2010.

EARNINGS

- Between the start of the recession in the 4th quarter of 2007 and the 1st quarter of 2009, inflation-adjusted total personal income in the United States declined 2.5 percent. Most recently, in the 4th quarter of 2009, total personal income remained 2.8 percent below the 4th quarter 2007 peak.
- Real per capita personal income (in 2005 \$) in Iowa was \$33,475.50 in the 4th quarter of 2009, down from \$34,134.40 in the 4th quarter of 2007.

HOUSING

- Actions taken by Congress and the Administration have stabilized plummeting home prices, which fell 30.8 percent nationwide from the peak in March 2006 to the trough in April 2009. In Iowa, home prices fell 4.1 percent between March 2007 and March 2009, peak to trough. Most recently, home prices decreased 1.31 percent in the state between November and December 2009.
- The median price of single-family homes in Iowa was \$141,500 in 2008, compared to \$250,000 nationwide.
- As of the 1st quarter of 2010, 2.8 percent of all mortgages, including 11.9 percent of subprime mortgages, were in foreclosure in Iowa.
- Housing starts in Iowa totaled 7,000 units (seasonally adjusted annual rate) in March 2010, a decrease of 8.1 percent from February.
- Within the Midwest census region, which includes Iowa, sales of new single-family homes totaled 49,000 units in March 2010, an increase of 4.3 percent from February. Sales of existing single-family homes increased 7.9 percent to 1,090,000 units (at seasonally adjusted annual rates) from February to March 2010.

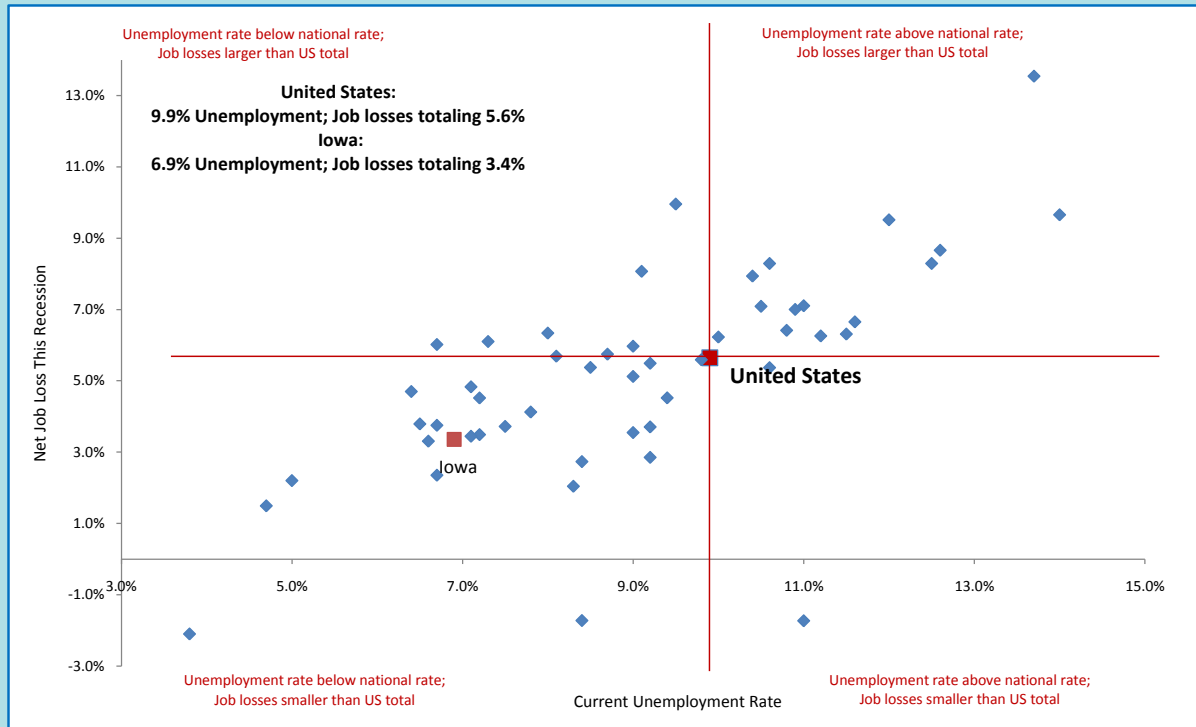


How Does Iowa Compare To Other States?

Workers across the country have been hard hit by the Great Recession. This chart allows you to compare Iowa to other states using two metrics.

The current unemployment rate (measured along the horizontal axis) serves as a gauge of current labor market conditions faced by residents, while the proportion of jobs lost within Iowa over the course of the recession (shown along the vertical axis) measures the toll the recession has taken on the job supply in Iowa.

States falling in the upper right quadrant have lost a disproportionate share of jobs, relative to the total United States, and have unemployment rates higher than the national unemployment rate. States falling in the lower left quadrant have unemployment rates lower than the national average and smaller job losses over the recession.



STATE QUICK FACTS

	Iowa	United States
Unemployment Rates		
April 2008	3.9%	5.0%
April 2009	5.5%	8.9%
April 2010	6.9%	9.9%
Percent of Population Who Are Veterans		
2008	10.7%	9.8%
Veterans' Unemployment Rate		
2009	7.0%	8.1%
Median Household Income		
2000	\$ 52,167	\$ 52,532
(2008 \$) 2008	\$ 50,465	\$ 51,233
Poverty Rate		
2000	7.8%	11.6%
2008	9.2%	12.9%
No Health Insurance		
2000	7.6%	13.9%
2008	9.4%	15.3%

For more Iowa specific labor statistics or additional information, please refer to the Iowa office: <http://www.iowaworkforce.org/>