

Economic Overview And Outlook: Oklahoma

JOBS

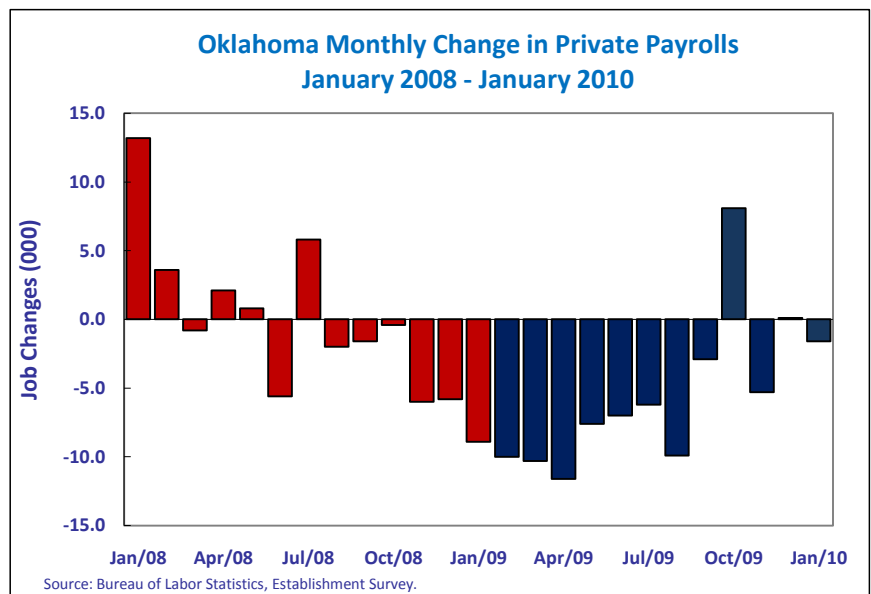
- Across the country, job losses have slowed dramatically since President Obama took office, nearly coming to a halt. Congress and the Administration worked swiftly to pass the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act, which has boosted employment by an estimated 2 million jobs since it was enacted.
- The President's Council of Economic Advisers estimates that investments made through the Recovery Act have boosted employment in Oklahoma by 23,000 jobs through the 4th quarter of 2009.
- In Oklahoma, employees in manufacturing, professional and business, and construction faced the largest job losses (as a percent of employment within an industry) over the recession.
- While job losses nationwide have dissipated, the weakness in the labor market has been compounded by lackluster job creation in the private sector during the previous administration's eight-year tenure.
- As the economy recovers from the Great Recession, service-providing industries are projected to add the most jobs between 2008 and 2018, with the largest gains in professional and business services, education, health care and social assistance, and State and local government. Within the goods-producing sector of the economy, only the construction industry is projected to add jobs above its 2008 level.

EMPLOYMENT

- The unemployment rate in Oklahoma was 6.7 percent in January 2010, up 3.1 percentage points from December 2007, but down from its most recent peak of 6.9 percent reached in October 2009.
- 120,000 Oklahoma residents were counted among the unemployed in Oklahoma during January 2010.

EARNINGS

- Between the start of the recession in the 4th quarter of 2007 and the 1st quarter of 2009, inflation-adjusted total personal income in the United States declined 2.5 percent, before leveling off. Most recently, in the 3rd quarter of 2009, total personal income remained 2.4 percent below the 4th quarter 2007 peak.
- Real per capita personal income (in 2005 \$) in Oklahoma was \$31,945.40 in the 3rd quarter of 2009, down from \$32,660.00 in the 3rd quarter of 2007.



HOUSING

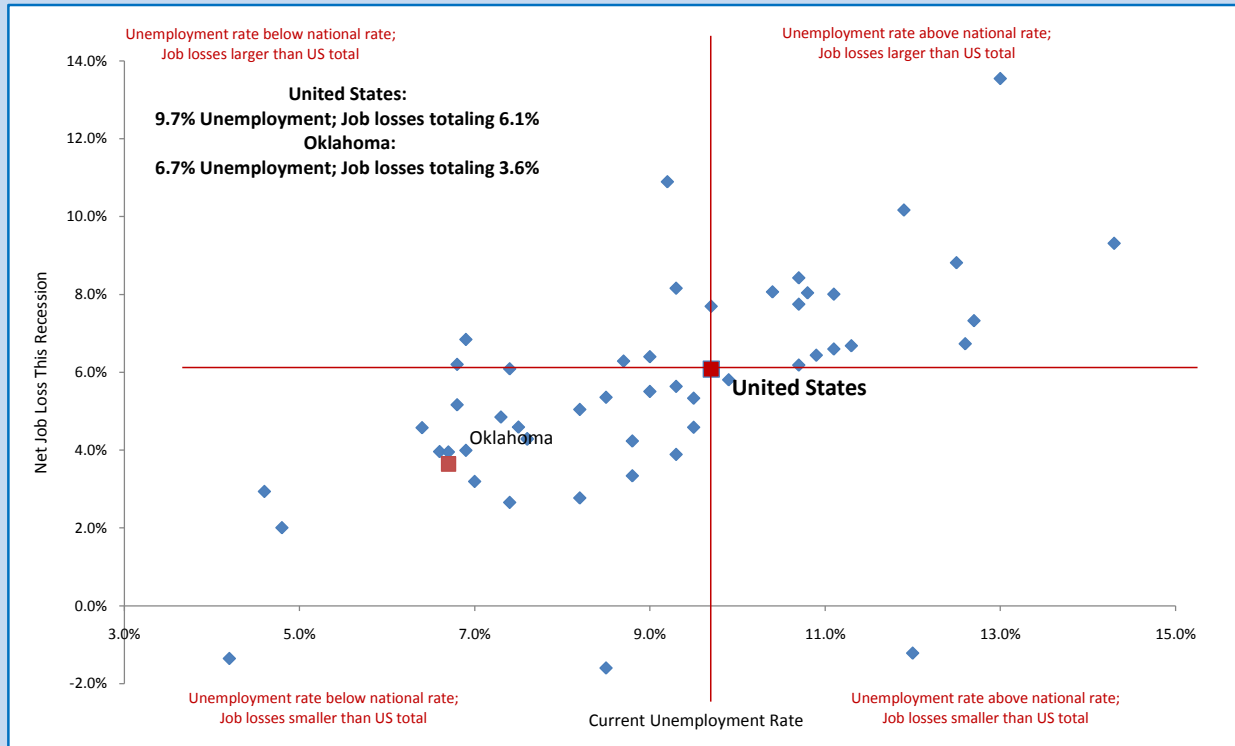
- Actions taken by Congress and the Administration have stabilized plummeting home prices, which fell 31.2 percent nationwide from the peak in April 2006 to the trough in March 2009. In Oklahoma, home prices fell 3.2 percent between July 2008 and April 2009, peak to trough. Most recently, home prices decreased 0.18 percent in the state between November and December 2009.
- The median price of single-family homes in Oklahoma was \$149,500 in 2008, compared to \$250,000 nationwide.
- As of the 4th quarter of 2009, 2.8 percent of all mortgages, including 9.7 percent of subprime mortgages, were in foreclosure in Oklahoma.
- Housing starts in Oklahoma totaled 7,780 units (seasonally adjusted annual rate) in January 2010, a decrease of 34.4 percent from December.
- Within the South census region, which includes Oklahoma, sales of new single-family homes totaled 162,000 units in January 2010, a decrease of 9.5 percent from December. Sales of existing single-family homes decreased 7.1 percent to 1,690,000 units (at seasonally adjusted annual rates) from December to January 2010.

How Does Oklahoma Compare To Other States?

Workers across the country have been hard hit by the Great Recession. This chart allows you to compare Oklahoma to other states using two metrics.

The current unemployment rate (measured along the horizontal axis) serves as a gauge of current labor market conditions faced by residents, while the proportion of jobs lost within Oklahoma over the course of the recession (shown along the vertical axis) measures the toll the recession has taken on the job supply in Oklahoma.

States falling in the upper right quadrant have lost a disproportionate share of jobs, relative to the total United States, and have unemployment rates higher than the national unemployment rate. States falling in the lower left quadrant have unemployment rates lower than the national average and smaller job losses over the recession.



STATE QUICK FACTS

	Oklahoma	United States
Unemployment Rates	January 2008	5.0%
	January 2009	7.7%
	January 2010	9.7%
Percent of Population Who Are Veterans	11.7%	9.8%
Veterans' Unemployment Rate	4.9%	8.1%
Median Household Income	2000	\$ 52,532
	(2008 \$)	\$ 51,233
Poverty Rate	2000	11.6%
	2008	12.9%
No Health Insurance	2000	13.9%
	2008	15.3%

Prepared by the Majority Staff of the Joint Economic Committee