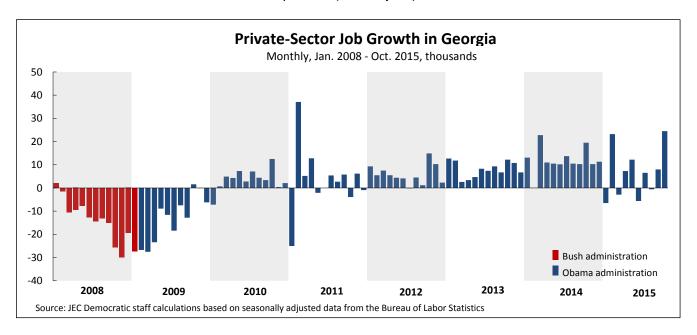
ECONOMIC SNAPSHOT: GEORGIA

Includes Bureau of Labor Statistics jobs, unemployment and earnings data through October 2015

Last updated on November 20th: Data update next on December 18th

JOBS

- In October, private-sector employment in Georgia grew by 24,500 jobs. Over the past year, Georgia businesses have added 87,700 jobs. This compares with an increase of 139,100 jobs over the 12 months through October 2014.
- Since February 2010, the national low point for private-sector employment, Georgia businesses have added 467,700 jobs (an increase of 14.9 percent). Nationally, private payrolls have increased by 12.6 percent over this time.
- The state sectors with the greatest job gains in percentage terms since February 2010 are: professional and business services at 26.1 percent (134,300 jobs), leisure and hospitality at 22.5 percent (83,500 jobs) and education and health services at 16.0 percent (75,000 jobs).



UNEMPLOYMENT

- The unemployment rate in Georgia was 5.7 percent in October 2015, down 0.1 percentage point from September. The rate was 0.7 percentage point above the national rate of 5.0 percent.
- Unemployment is down 1.1 percentage points from one year earlier and is 4.8 percentage points below its recent peak of 10.5 percent in December 2010.
- There were 269,000 Georgia residents unemployed in October 2015.

EARNINGS

- In October 2015, average hourly earnings of private-sector workers in Georgia were \$23.93. The average workweek was 35.0 hours, and average weekly earnings were \$837.55.
- Adjusting for inflation, state average hourly earnings have risen by 1.7 percent over the past year. Nationally, real average hourly earnings have increased by 2.3 percent (not seasonally adjusted).

STATE QUICK FACTS			
Duivete Coston John Added	Doct 40 Months	Georgia	United States
Private-Sector Jobs Added	Since Feb. 2010	87,700 467,700	2.7 million 13.5 million
	Onioc 1 cb. 2010	407,700	10.0 111111011
Unemployment Rate	. October 2015	5.7%	5.0%
	October 2014	6.8%	5.7%
	Recession-Era Peak	10.5%	10.0%
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Median Household Income (2014 \$)		\$49,600	\$53,700
	2007 (Pre-Recession)	\$55,500	\$57,400
Poverty Rate	. 2014	16.8%	14.8%
,	2007 (Pre-Recession)	13.6%	12.5%
All Veterans' Unemployment Rate	. 2014	7.6%	5.3%
Post-9/11 Veterans' Unemployment Rate	2014	10.4%	7.2%
Percentage Without Health Insurance		15.8%	11.7%
	2013	18.8%	14.5%

STATE GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT

- Real gross domestic product (GDP) in Georgia grew by 2.3 percent in 2014, above the national average growth rate of 2.2 percent.*
- Since 2009, annual Georgia GDP growth has averaged 1.4 percent, compared with a national average annual growth rate of 1.9 percent.

Housing

- Home prices in Georgia increased by 7.5 percent from the second quarter of 2014 to the second quarter of 2015. They are up 33.9 percent since their recent low in the second quarter of 2011.
- In September 2015, builders in Georgia broke ground on 37,960 new housing units (seasonally adjusted annual rate), bringing the average over the past 12 months to 40,383 units. That marks an increase of 16.4 percent from the average over the prior 12 months.

EXPORTS

- In Georgia, goods exports totaled \$3.4 billion in September and \$37.7 billion over the past year, up 5.1 percent from the 12 months ending in September 2014 (inflation-adjusted).
- Exports over the past 12 months are up 51.9 percent from their level in 2009 (inflation-adjusted).

^{*} Note: Because of methodological differences, total U.S. real GDP by state differs slightly from headline national GDP figures

^{**} A list of sources used to compile the Georgia economic snapshot is available at: http://bit.ly/JEC-state-by-state-sources

^{***} For additional Georgia-specific labor sector statistics, please refer to the Georgia office: http://explorer.dol.state.ga.us/