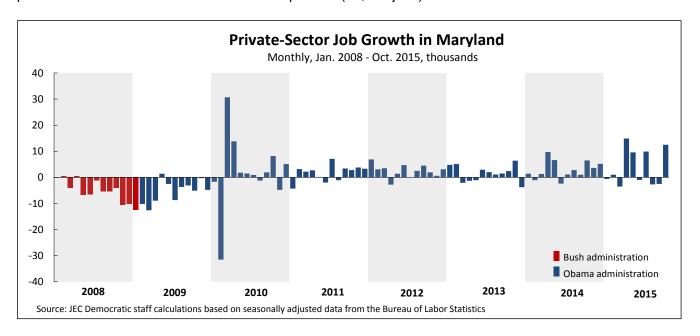
ECONOMIC SNAPSHOT: MARYLAND

Includes Bureau of Labor Statistics jobs, unemployment and earnings data through October 2015

Last updated on November 20th; Data update next on December 18th

Jobs

- In October, private-sector employment in Maryland grew by 12,500 jobs. Over the past year, Maryland businesses have added 46,400 jobs. This compares with an increase of 29,500 jobs over the 12 months through October 2014.
- Since February 2010, the national low point for private-sector employment, Maryland businesses have added 199,800 jobs (an increase of 10.1 percent). Nationally, private payrolls have increased by 12.6 percent over this time.
- The state sectors with the greatest job gains in percentage terms since February 2010 are: leisure and hospitality at 21.6 percent (48,100 jobs), logging, mining and construction at 16.3 percent (22,400 jobs) and professional and business services at 15.4 percent (58,100 jobs).



UNEMPLOYMENT

- The unemployment rate in Maryland was 5.1 percent in October 2015, holding constant from September. The rate was 0.1 percentage point above the national rate of 5.0 percent.
- Unemployment is down 0.5 percentage point from one year earlier and is 2.7 percentage points below its recent peak of 7.8 percent in February 2010.
- There were 161,900 Maryland residents unemployed in October 2015.

EARNINGS

- In October 2015, average hourly earnings of private-sector workers in Maryland were \$27.18. The average workweek was 34.5 hours, and average weekly earnings were \$937.71.
- Adjusting for inflation, state average hourly earnings have fallen by 0.2 percent over the past year. Nationally, real average hourly earnings have increased by 2.3 percent (not seasonally adjusted).

STATE QUICK FACTS			
		Maryland	United States
Private-Sector Jobs Added	.Past 12 Months	46,400	2.7 million
	Since Feb. 2010	199,800	13.5 million
Unemployment Rate	October 2015	5.1%	5.0%
	October 2014	5.6%	5.7%
	Recession-Era Peak	7.8%	10.0%
Median Household Income (2014 \$)	. 2014	\$76,200	\$53,700
	2007 (Pre-Recession)	\$74,900	\$57,400
Poverty Rate	. 2014	9.9%	14.8%
	2007 (Pre-Recession)	8.8%	12.5%
All Veterans' Unemployment Rate	. 2014	8.5%	5.3%
Post-9/11 Veterans' Unemployment Rate	.2014	11.9%	7.2%
Percentage Without Health Insurance	. 2014	7.9%	11.7%
	2013	10.2%	14.5%

STATE GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT

- Real gross domestic product (GDP) in Maryland grew by 0.8 percent in 2014, below the national average growth rate of 2.2 percent.*
- Since 2009, annual Maryland GDP growth has averaged 1.1 percent, compared with a national average annual growth rate of 1.9 percent.

Housing

- Home prices in Maryland increased by 0.3 percent from the second quarter of 2014 to the second quarter of 2015. They are up 13.8 percent since their recent low in the first guarter of 2012.
- In September 2015, builders in Maryland broke ground on 19,570 new housing units (seasonally adjusted annual rate), bringing the average over the past 12 months to 16,184 units. That marks a decrease of 3.6 percent from the average over the prior 12 months.

EXPORTS

- In Maryland, goods exports totaled \$755 million in September and \$10.1 billion over the past year, down 8.2 percent from the 12 months ending in September 2014 (inflation-adjusted).
- Exports over the past 12 months are up 5.6 percent from their level in 2009 (inflation-adjusted).

^{*} Note: Because of methodological differences, total U.S. real GDP by state differs slightly from headline national GDP figures

^{**} A list of sources used to compile the Maryland economic snapshot is available at: http://bit.ly/JEC-state-by-state-sources

^{***} For additional Maryland-specific labor sector statistics, please refer to the Maryland office: http://www.dllr.maryland.gov/lmi/