

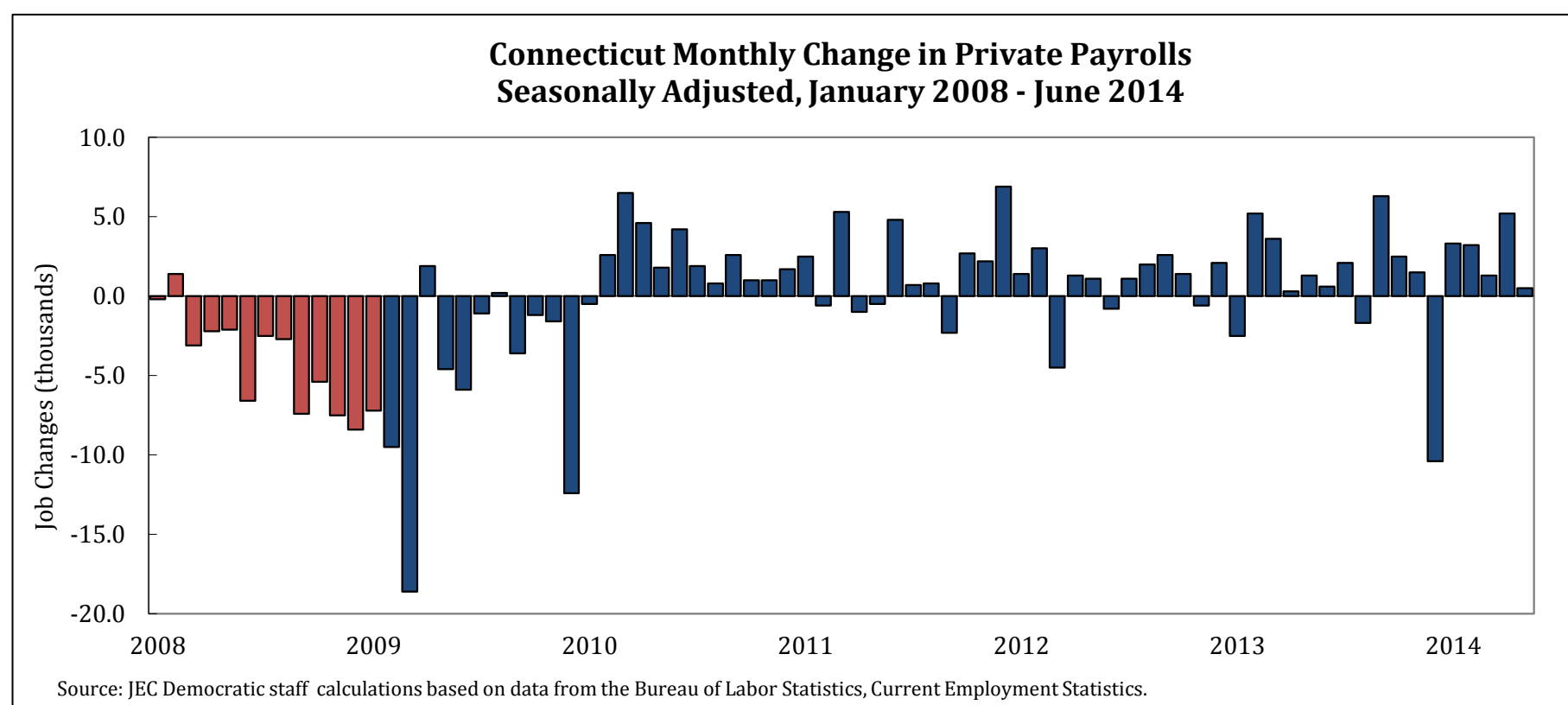


## ECONOMIC SNAPSHOT: CONNECTICUT

*\*\*Includes Bureau of Labor Statistics jobs and unemployment data through June 2014\*\**

### JOBS

- In June, private-sector employment in Connecticut grew by 500 jobs. Over the past year, the Connecticut private sector has added 14,400 jobs. This compares with an increase of 15,700 jobs over the 12 months ending in June 2013.
- Connecticut private-sector employers have added 82,600 jobs (an increase of 6.1 percent) since February 2010, the national low point for private-sector employment.
- In Connecticut, the following sectors have posted the largest job gains since February 2010: education and health services (23,000 jobs), professional and business services (20,700 jobs) and leisure and hospitality (20,500 jobs).
- The Connecticut sectors with the greatest job gains in percentage terms since February 2010 are: leisure and hospitality (15.7 percent), construction (13.9 percent) and professional and business services (11.1 percent).



### UNEMPLOYMENT

- The unemployment rate in Connecticut was 6.7 percent in June 2014, down 0.2 percentage point from May. The rate is down 1.2 percentage points from one year earlier and is below its recent peak of 9.5 percent in November 2010.
- 125,400 Connecticut residents were unemployed during June 2014, down from a recent high of 181,300 in October 2010. There are still 33,500 more people unemployed in Connecticut than when the recession began.
- In Connecticut, initial claims for unemployment insurance benefits totaled 18,533 during May, down 3.5 percent from the previous month. Total initial claims over the past 12 months are down 8.9 percent from their level over the 12 months before that.

### EXPORTS

- In Connecticut, exports totaled \$1.4 billion in May and \$16.2 billion over the past year, down 0.3 percent from the 12 months ending in May 2013 (inflation-adjusted dollars).
- Connecticut exports over the past 12 months are down 2.7 percent from their level in the same 12-month period four years earlier (inflation-adjusted dollars).

### HOUSING

- Home prices in Connecticut decreased by 1.0 percent from the first quarter of 2013 to the first quarter of 2014 (the most recent quarter for which data are available). They are currently at their recent low point and are 18.8 percent below their pre-housing-crash peak.
- Housing starts in Connecticut totaled 3,970 units (seasonally adjusted annual rate) in May 2014, a decrease of 10.2 percent from April.
- Within the Northeast census region, which includes Connecticut, sales of new single-family homes totaled 34,000 units in May 2014, an increase of 54.5 percent from April. Sales of existing single-family homes increased by 4.1 percent to 510,000 units (at seasonally adjusted annual rates) from April to May 2014.

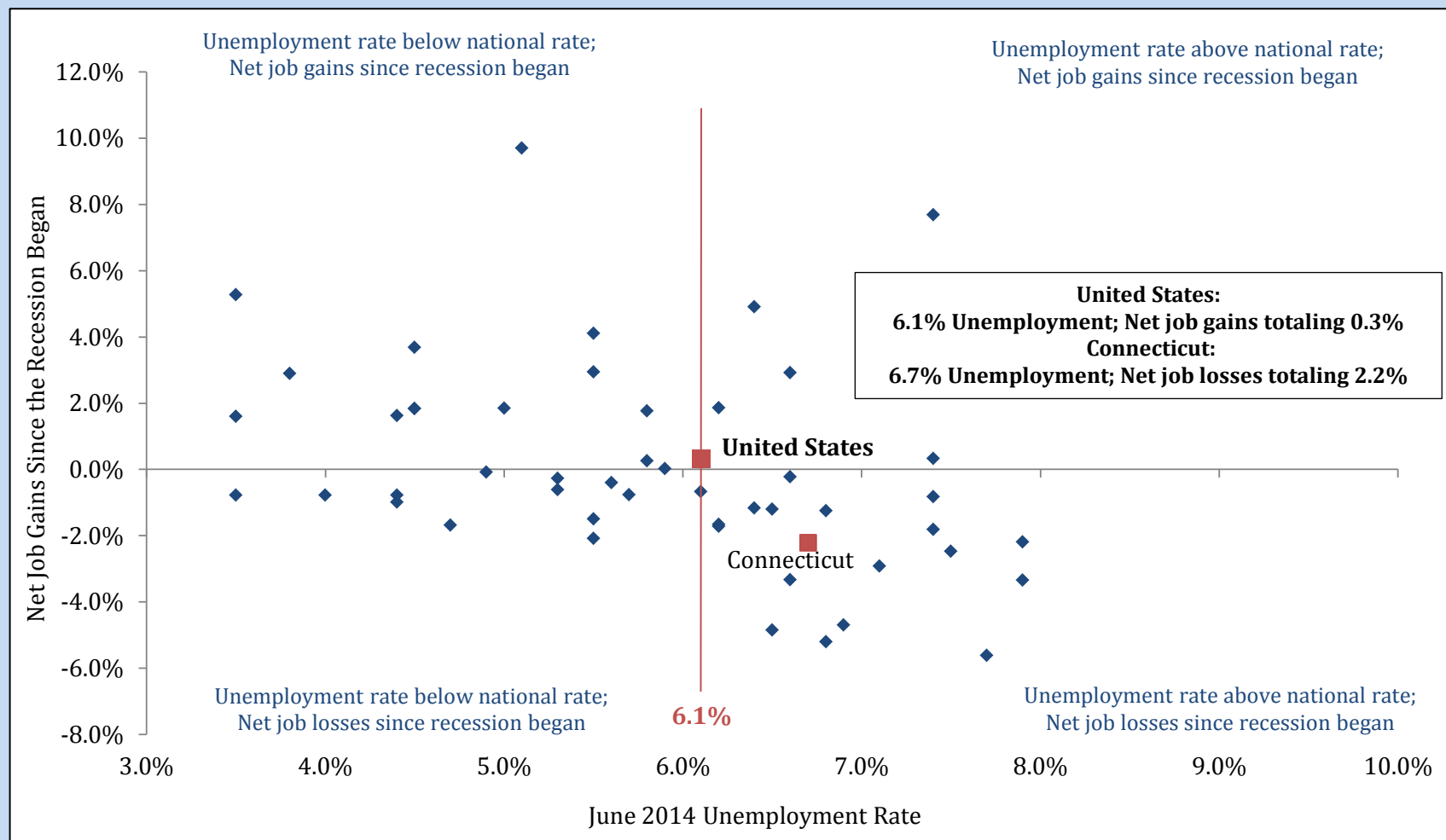
\* For Connecticut-specific labor sector statistics, please refer to the Connecticut office: <http://www1.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi/>

## How Does Connecticut Compare to Other States?

Workers across the country were hit hard during the recent recession. Since then, employment in some states has returned to pre-recession levels, while employment in other states remains below pre-recession levels. The chart below allows for a comparison of Connecticut to other states using two metrics.

The unemployment rate (measured along the horizontal axis) serves as a gauge of current labor-market conditions in Connecticut, while net job gains since the recession began (current nonfarm jobs as a share of jobs prior to the recession) measures progress toward labor-market recovery (vertical axis).

States falling in the upper left quadrant have net job gains since the start of the recession and unemployment rates lower than the national unemployment rate. States falling in the lower right quadrant have higher unemployment rates than the United States overall and are still experiencing net job losses relative to pre-recession levels.



Note: The figure above excludes North Dakota, which has a current unemployment rate of 2.7% and net job gains totaling 28.3% since the start of the recession.

### STATE QUICK FACTS

		<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>United States</b>
<b>Unemployment Rates</b> .....	June 2014	6.7%	6.1%
	June 2013	7.9%	7.5%
	June 2012	8.4%	8.2%
	June 2011	9.0%	9.1%
<b>Percent of Population Who Are Veterans</b> .....	2013	7.9%	9.0%
<b>All Veterans' Unemployment Rate</b> .....	2013	7.0%	6.6%
<b>Post-9/11 Veterans' Unemployment Rate</b> .....	2013	9.4%	9.0%
<b>Median Household Income</b> .....	2012	\$ 64,247	\$ 51,017
	(2012 \$) 2007	\$ 71,029	\$ 55,627
<b>Poverty Rate</b> .....	2012	10.3%	15.0%
	2007	8.9%	12.5%
<b>No Health Insurance</b> .....	2012	8.1%	15.4%
	2007	8.6%	14.7%