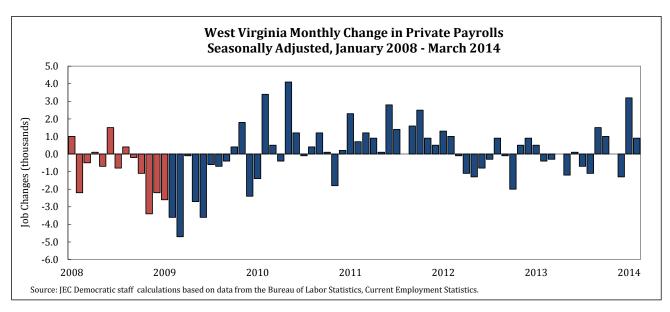
ECONOMIC SNAPSHOT: WEST VIRGINIA

Includes Bureau of Labor Statistics jobs and unemployment data through March 2014

JOBS

- In March, private-sector employment in West Virginia grew by 900 jobs. Over the past year, the West Virginia private sector has added 2.100 jobs. This compares with a decrease of 3,300 jobs over the 12 months ending in March 2013.
- West Virginia private-sector employers have added 24,800 jobs (an increase of 4.2 percent) since February 2010, the national low point for private-sector employment.
- In West Virginia, the following sectors have posted the largest job gains since February 2010: professional and business services (7,000 jobs), education and health services (6,500 jobs) and leisure and hospitality (3,900 jobs).
- The West Virginia sectors with the greatest job gains in percentage terms since February 2010 are: professional and business services (11.6 percent), mining and logging (11.5 percent) and financial activities (6.3 percent).



UNEMPLOYMENT

- The unemployment rate in West Virginia was 6.1 percent in March 2014, up 0.2 percentage point from February. The rate is down 0.5 percentage point from one year earlier and is below its recent peak of 8.5 percent in November 2010.
- 48,500 West Virginia residents were unemployed during March 2014, down from a recent high of 68,700 in February 2010. There are still 15,400 more people unemployed in West Virginia than when the recession began.
- In West Virginia, initial claims for unemployment insurance benefits totaled 6,307 during March, up 1.8 percent from the previous month. Total initial claims over the past 12 months are down 10.0 percent from their level over the 12 months before that.

EXPORTS

- In West Virginia, exports totaled \$598 million in February and \$8.4 billion over the past year, down 24.8 percent from the 12 months ending in February 2013 (inflation-adjusted dollars).
- West Virginia exports over the past 12 months are up 47.6 percent from their level in the same 12-month period four years earlier (inflation-adjusted dollars).

Housing

- Home prices in West Virginia increased by 1.9 percent from the fourth quarter of 2012 to the fourth quarter of 2013 (the most recent quarter for which data are available). They are up 4.5 percent since their recent low in the second quarter of 2011 but remain 2.5 percent below their pre-housing-crash peak.
- Housing starts in West Virginia totaled 950 units (seasonally adjusted annual rate) in February 2014, a decrease of 48.1 percent from January.
- Within the South census region, which includes West Virginia, sales of new single-family homes totaled 255,000 units in February 2014, a decrease of 1.5 percent from January. Sales of existing single-family homes increased by 2.4 percent to 1,720,000 units (at seasonally adjusted annual rates) from January to February 2014.

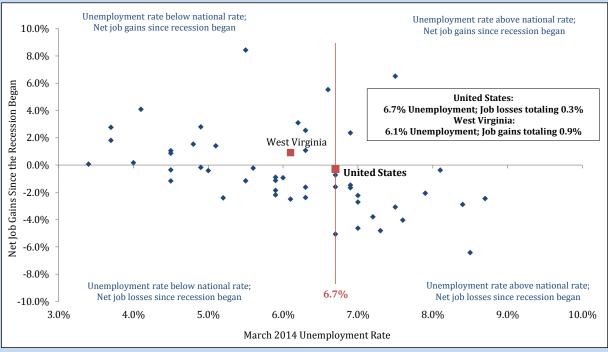
^{*} For West Virginia-specific labor sector statistics, please refer to the West Virginia office: http://www.workforcewv.org/lmi/

How Does West Virginia Compare to Other States?

Workers across the country were hit hard during the recent recession. Since then, employment in some states has returned to pre-recession levels, while employment in other states remains below pre-recession levels. The chart below allows for a comparison of West Virginia to other states using two metrics.

The unemployment rate (measured along the horizontal axis) serves as a gauge of current labor-market conditions in West Virginia, while net job gains since the recession began (current nonfarm jobs as a share of jobs prior to the recession) measures progress toward labor-market recovery (vertical axis).

States falling in the upper left quadrant have net job gains since the start of the recession and unemployment rates lower than the national unemployment rate. States falling in the lower right quadrant have higher unemployment rates than the United States overall and are still experiencing net job losses relative to pre-recession levels.



Note: The figure above excludes North Dakota, which has a current unemployment rate of 2.6% and net job gains totaling 26.9% since the start of the recession.

	STATE QUICK FACTS		
		West Virginia	United States
Unemployment Rates	March 2014	6.1%	6.7%
	March 2013	6.6%	7.5%
	March 2012	7.0%	8.2%
	March 2011	8.0%	9.0%
Percent of Population Who Are Veterans	2013	11.4%	9.0%
All Veterans' Unemployment Rate	2013	6.4%	6.6%
Post-9/11 Veterans' Unemployment Rate	2013	8.4%	9.0%
Median Household Income	. 2012	\$ 43,553	\$ 51,017
(2012 \$)	2007	\$ 46,611	\$ 55,627
Poverty Rate	2012	16.7%	15.0%
	2007	14.8%	12.5%
No Health Insurance	. 2012	14.6%	15.4%
	2007	13.7%	14.7%